



## Canada Child Benefit Application

includes federal, provincial, and territorial programs

### Find out if this form is for you

Fill out this form to apply for the Canada child benefit (CCB). The information you provide on this application will also be used to determine your eligibility for the goods and services tax/harmonized sales tax (GST/HST) credit, the Canada Carbon Rebate (CCR – formerly known as the climate action incentive), and related federal, provincial, or territorial programs the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) administers. You can also use this form if you started a shared-custody situation for one or more children.

**Do not** fill out this form if you already applied using My Account on the CRA website or when you registered the birth of your newborn with your province or territory (except Nunavut).

### Who can fill out this form

Only the person who is **primarily responsible** for the care and upbringing of the child can apply by filling out this form (see "Primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of the child" on page 3).

For CCB purposes, when a child resides with a female parent in the home, the **female parent is usually considered to be primarily responsible for the child**. This is referred to as the female presumption, and is a legislative requirement under the Income Tax Act. However, if the child's other parent is primarily responsible, they can apply. They must attach a signed letter from the female parent that states that the other parent with whom she resides is primarily responsible for all the children in the household. If the child lives with same-sex parents, only one parent should apply for all the children in the home. No matter which parent receives the CCB, the amount will be the same.

### For more information

For more information on the CCB, including eligibility requirements, go to [canada.ca/cra-benefits](https://canada.ca/cra-benefits), read Booklet T4114, *Canada Child Benefit*, or call **1-800-387-1193**. If you reside in Yukon, North-West Territories, or Nunavut, call **1-866-426-1527**. From outside Canada or the United States, call **1-613-940-8495**. The CRA accepts collect calls by automated response.

### Step 1 – Your information

Social insurance number (SIN):

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If you do not have a SIN, see Booklet T4114, *Canada Child Benefit*, under "How to apply."

First name:

Last name:

Date of birth:

Year			Month		Day				

Your language of correspondence:

☐ English ☐ Français

Phone numbers:

Home:  Work:  Ext:  Cell:

### Step 2 – Your address

#### Mailing address

Apt. No. – Street No., Street name, PO Box, RR:

City:

Province or territory (or country if outside Canada):

Postal or ZIP code:

Have you moved from a different province or territory within the last 12 months?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, enter the previous province or territory and the date you moved:

Date: 

Year			Month		Day				

#### Home address

☐ Same as mailing address

Apt. No. – Street No., Street name, RR:

City:

Province or territory (or country if outside Canada):

Postal or ZIP code:

### Step 3 – Your marital status

Select the box that applies to your **current** status (select only one box):

- ☐ **Married** – you are legally married to someone.
- ☐ **Living common-law** – you are living in a conjugal relationship with someone to whom you are not married and to whom at least one of the following situations applies. They:
- have been living with you for at least 12 continuous months. This includes any period you were separated for less than 90 days because of a breakdown in your relationship
  - are the parent of your child by birth or adoption
  - have custody and control of your child (or had custody and control immediately before the child turned 19 years of age) and your child is wholly dependent on that person for support
- ☐ **Separated** – you have been living apart from your spouse or common-law partner because of a breakdown in the relationship for a period of at least 90 days and you have not reconciled.
- Once you have been separated for 90 days, the effective day of your separation is the date you started living apart.
- You would still be considered to have a spouse or common-law partner if there is no breakdown in the relationship and you were living apart for reasons such as work, studies, or health problems.
- Note**  
Generally, you are not considered separated if your spouse or common-law partner is incarcerated or does not live in Canada, as long as there is no breakdown in your relationship.
- ☐ **Divorced** – you were married and are now legally divorced.
- ☐ **Widowed** – your spouse or common-law partner is deceased.
- ☐ **Single** – you are single and none of the above apply.

Enter the date the selected status began (leave it blank if you have always been single):

Year			Month		Day				

If you selected **married** or **living common-law**, enter your spouse or common-law partner's information:

Social insurance number (SIN):

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If your spouse or common-law partner does not have a SIN, see Booklet T4114, *Canada Child Benefit*, under "How to apply."

First name:

Last name:

Date of birth:

Year			Month		Day				

If your spouse or common-law partner's address is different from yours, enter it here; otherwise, their address will be updated to match the address indicated in Step 2.

  
  


☐ Your spouse or common-law partner is a non-resident of Canada

### Step 4 – Your citizenship status

You become a Canadian citizen when you are born in Canada or are granted Canadian citizenship by Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada.

Have you been a Canadian citizen for the last 12 months?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Has your spouse or common-law partner (if you have one) been a Canadian citizen for the last 12 months?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If you answered **no** to either of these questions, you have to fill out Form RC66SCH, *Status in Canada and Income Information*.

## Step 5 – Newcomer or returning resident of Canada

Within the last two years, did you become a newcomer to Canada or return after an absence of at least six months?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within the last two years, did your spouse or common-law partner (if you have one) become a newcomer to Canada or return after an absence of at least six months?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If you answered **yes** to either of these questions, you have to fill out Form RC66SCH, *Status in Canada and Income Information*.

## Step 6 – Information about the child(ren)

You may need to provide supporting documents for the child or children for whom you are completing this form. See "What to attach to this form" on page 5.

### Primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of the child

Being primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of the child means that you are responsible for such things as supervising the child's daily activities and needs, making sure the child's medical needs are met, and arranging for child care, when necessary, when the child lives with you.

### Shared custody

This normally happens after a separation or a divorce. The CRA considers you to be in a shared-custody situation if the child lives with you 40% to 60% of the time and the rest of the time with another individual at a different address.

For more information on shared custody, see Booklet T4114, *Canada Child Benefit*, under "If you share custody of a child."

Do **not** give information about a child for whom you have already applied, unless the child left your care and has now returned, or the percentage of time the child is in your care has changed.

### Child 1 – Information

First name:

\_\_\_\_\_

Last name:

\_\_\_\_\_

Gender:

☐ Female ☐ Male

Date of birth:

Year			Month		Day				

City of birth:

\_\_\_\_\_

Province or territory of birth  
(or country if outside Canada):

\_\_\_\_\_

### You must be primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of this child when the child lives with you.

Does the child live with you more than 60% of the time?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, enter the date the child started living with you more than 60% of the time. If the child has lived with you since birth, tick the box:

Year			Month		Day				

 or ☐ Since birth

If **no**, select the box that represents the percentage of time the child lives with you (select only one box):

☐ 40% to 60% of the time, and the child lives the rest of the time with another individual at a different address (for example, the child lives with you one week and with the other individual one week, or with you 4 days a week and with the other individual 3 days a week)

If you select this box, the CRA considers you to be in a shared custody situation for this child. Enter the date the child started living with you 40% to 60% of the time:

Year			Month		Day				

☐ Less than 40% of the time (for example, the child lives with you every second weekend)

If you select this box, you should **not** apply since the CRA does not consider you to be eligible for the child and family benefits for this child.

## Step 6 – Information about the child(ren) (continued)

### Child 2 – Information

First name: \_\_\_\_\_

Last name: \_\_\_\_\_

Gender: ☐ Female ☐ Male

Date of birth: 

Year		Month		Day	

City of birth: \_\_\_\_\_

Province or territory of birth  
(or country if outside Canada): \_\_\_\_\_

**You must be primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of this child when the child lives with you.**

Does the child live with you more than 60% of the time? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If **yes**, enter the date the child started living with you more than 60% of the time. If the child has lived with you since birth, tick the box:

Year		Month		Day	

 or ☐ Since birth

If **no**, select the box that represents the percentage of time the child lives with you (select only one box):

☐ 40% to 60% of the time, and the child lives the rest of the time with another individual at a different address (for example, the child lives with you one week and with the other individual one week, or with you 4 days a week and with the other individual 3 days a week)

If you select this box, the CRA considers you to be in a shared custody situation for this child. Enter the date the child started living with you between 40% to 60% of the time:

Year		Month		Day	

☐ Less than 40% of the time (for example, the child lives with you every second weekend)

If you select this box, you should **not** apply since the CRA does not consider you to be eligible for the child and family benefits for this child.

If you are applying for more than two children, you can use Form RC66-1, *Additional Children*. You can also attach a separate sheet of paper with the information asked above.

## Step 7 – Signature

I certify that the information given on this form and in any attached document is correct and complete. I understand that it is a serious offence to make a false statement.

Your signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 

Year		Month		Day	

If your marital status is **married** or **living common-law**, your spouse or common-law partner also needs to sign below. If your spouse or common-law partner is living abroad, their signature is not required.

Spouse or common-law partner's signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 

Year		Month		Day	

Personal information (including the SIN) is collected and used to administer or enforce the *Income Tax Act* and related programs and activities including administering tax, benefits, audit, compliance, and collection. The information collected may be disclosed to other federal, provincial, territorial, aboriginal, or foreign government institutions to the extent authorized by law. Failure to provide this information may result in paying interest or penalties, or in other actions. Under the *Privacy Act*, individuals have a right of protection, access to and correction of their personal information, and to file a complaint with the Privacy Commissioner of Canada regarding the handling of their personal information. Refer to Personal Information Bank CRA PPU 063 on Info Source at [canada.ca/cra-info-source](http://canada.ca/cra-info-source).

## What to attach to this form

You only have to attach documents to your application if you are in any of the situations mentioned below. However, the CRA may ask you for photocopies of certain documents at a later date.

If your documents are in a language other than English or French, you have to provide a copy of the original documents written in the foreign language with an acceptable English or French translation. For more information, go to [canada.ca/child-benefits-supporting-documents](https://canada.ca/child-benefits-supporting-documents).

To get the CRA's forms and publications, go to [canada.ca/cra-forms-publications](https://canada.ca/cra-forms-publications) or call 1-800-387-1193.

If you are in the following situation:	You need to attach the following document(s) to your application:
You answered "no" to either of these questions in Step 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Have you been a Canadian citizen for the last 12 months?</li><li>• Has your spouse or common-law partner (if you have one) been a Canadian citizen for the last 12 months?</li></ul>	Form RC66SCH, <i>Status in Canada and Income Information</i>
You answered "yes" to either of these questions in Step 5: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Within the last two years, did you become a newcomer to Canada or return after an absence of at least six months?</li><li>• Within the last two years, did your spouse or common-law partner (if you have one) become a newcomer to Canada or return after an absence of at least six months?</li></ul>	Form RC66SCH, <i>Status in Canada and Income Information</i>
The CRA has not paid benefits to anyone for the child or children for whom you are completing this form	Proof of birth for the child (see the examples of acceptable documents below)
The child started living with you more than 11 months ago	Clear photocopies (including both sides of all pages) of <b>all</b> of the following documents for the entire period: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• proof of birth for each child. See the examples of acceptable documents below</li><li>• proof that you resided in Canada (at least three documents). See the examples of acceptable documents below</li><li>• proof that you were the person who is primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of the child (at least three documents). See the examples of acceptable documents on the next page</li><li>• proof of citizenship or immigration status in Canada for you and your spouse or common-law partner (if you have one)</li></ul>
You are applying for more than two children	Form RC66-1, <i>Additional Children</i> , or attach a separate sheet of paper with the information requested in Step 6

## Examples of acceptable documents

As **proof of birth**, you have to provide a photocopy of **one** document with the child's first name, last name, and date of birth, such as:

- birth certificate or birth registration
- hospital record of birth or record of the physician, nurse, or midwife who attended the birth
- passport
- record of landing or confirmation of permanent residence issued by Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada
- citizenship certificate
- notice of decision or a temporary resident's permit issued under the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act
- certificate of Indian status card
- provincial identity card

As **proof that you resided in Canada**, you have to provide a photocopy of at least **three documents**, such as:

- lease agreement
- rent receipt
- household bill (gas, electricity, cable television, telephone)
- driver's license, vehicle registration, or car insurance
- membership in social or professional organizations

Examples of acceptable documents (continued)

As **proof that you were the person who is primarily responsible for the care and upbringing of the child**, you have to provide a photocopy of at least **three documents**, such as:

- a letter from the daycare or school authorities indicating the child's home address and contact information on file
- a letter from a social worker, a band council, or a resettlement officer stating that they have personal knowledge that the child lived with you for the period you indicated
- a registration form or a receipt from an activity or club the child was enrolled in for the period you indicated
- a court order, decree, or separation agreement that explains the type of custody arrangement you have (for example, shared custody) and clearly shows the living arrangements for the child
- any other document showing that the child lived with you for the period you indicated

For a complete list of all supporting documents, go to [canada.ca/child-benefits-supporting-documents](https://canada.ca/child-benefits-supporting-documents).

Getting benefits and credits when in an abusive or violent relationship

At the CRA, we know that some situations can affect access to benefits and credits. We're committed to helping you get your payments, whatever your circumstances.

If you have not applied for the CCB for a child under 18 years of age in your care, please apply. In an abusive or violent situation, your spouse or common-law partner's signature is **not required** on Form RC66, *Canada Child Benefits Application*, or any other benefit-related form. For additional information, go to [canada.ca/child-family-benefits](https://canada.ca/child-family-benefits) and select "Leaving an abusive or violent situation."

What to do now

- Make sure all steps of this form are filled out.
- If applicable, attach the documents mentioned under "What to attach to this form."
- Make a photocopy of your form and related documents (if applicable) for your records.
- Send your application to the tax centre that serves your area. Use the chart below to find out the address:

If your province or territory of residence is:	Send your application to the following address:
Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Saskatchewan, or Yukon	Winnipeg Tax Centre Post Office Box 14005, Station Main Winnipeg MB R3C 0E3
New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, Ontario, or Prince Edward Island	Sudbury Tax Centre Post Office Box 20000, Station A Sudbury ON P3A 5C1
Québec	Jonquière Tax Centre 2251 René-Lévesque Boulevard Jonquière QC G7S 5J2

After you apply

Unless you tell the CRA otherwise, the information you give on this form will be used for all benefit programs, including federal, provincial, and territorial programs. If you do not meet the eligibility criteria for the CCB or any other program, you will need to re-apply once you meet all of the conditions.

Once the CRA has processed your application, a CCB notice will be sent to you. The notice will show if you are eligible, how much you will get (if applicable), and what information was used to calculate the amount. The CRA's goal is to issue your notice or payment, if applicable, within **11 weeks** of receiving your completed paper application. You will also receive notices for the other programs such as the GST/HST credit and the CCR.

The CRA may also review your situation at a later date to confirm that your information has not changed.

Getting your payments

Direct deposit is a fast, convenient, and secure way to receive your CRA payments directly in your account at a financial institution in Canada. For more information and ways to enrol, go to [canada.ca/cra-direct-deposit](https://canada.ca/cra-direct-deposit) or contact your financial institution.

You need to do your taxes on time every year so that we can calculate your payments, even if you had no income in the year. If you have a spouse or common-law partner, they also need to do their taxes every year.

Make sure your personal information is up to date with the CRA, as this could affect your payments.

If your spouse or common-law partner is a non-resident

If your spouse or common-law partner is a non-resident of Canada, the CRA needs their income information for each year (or part of the year) they were a non-resident of Canada to determine your child and family benefits and credits. You can provide this information by filling out Form CTB9, *Income of Non-Resident Spouse or Common-Law Partner*. Mail it to the tax centre that serves your area or submit it electronically using My account at [canada.ca/my-cra-account](https://canada.ca/my-cra-account). You can also call **1-800-387-1193** to provide the information.